

~\OneDrive\Documentos\PIP Lora\PIC\MOTEapp.c

```
1  /**
2   ADC Generated Driver File
3
4   @Company
5   Microchip Technology Inc.
6
7   @File Name
8   adc.c
9
10  @Summary
11  This is the generated driver implementation file for the ADC driver using MPLAB® Code
12  Configurator
13
14  @Description
15  This source file provides implementations for driver APIs for ADC.
16  Generation Information :
17      Product Revision   : MPLAB® Code Configurator - v2.10.2
18      Device             : PIC16F1509
19      Driver Version     : 2.00
20  The generated drivers are tested against the following:
21      Compiler           : XC8 v1.33
22      MPLAB              : MPLAB X 2.26
23
24  */
25
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27
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43  CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, LOST PROFITS OR LOST DATA, COST OF PROCUREMENT OF
44  SUBSTITUTE GOODS, TECHNOLOGY, SERVICES, OR ANY CLAIMS BY THIRD PARTIES
45  (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY DEFENSE THEREOF), OR OTHER SIMILAR COSTS.
46
47  */
48  /**
```

```
48     Section: Included Files
49 */
50
51 #include <xc.h>
52 #include "adc.h"
53 #include "mcc.h"
54
55 /**
56     Section: Macro Declarations
57 */
58
59 #define ACQ_US_DELAY 5
60
61 /**
62     Section: ADC Module APIs
63 */
64
65 void ADC_Initialize(void)
66 {
67     // set the ADC to the options selected in the User Interface
68     VREFCON0 = 0b10100000;
69     // GO_nDONE stop; ADON enabled; CHS AN0;
70     ADCON0 = 0x01;
71
72     // TRIGSEL no_auto_trigger;
73     ADCON1 = 0x08;
74
75     // ADPREF VDD; ADFM right; ADCS FOSC/64;
76     ADCON2 = 0b10001110;
77
78     // ADRESL 0x0;
79     ADRESL = 0x00;
80
81     // ADRESH 0x0;
82     ADRESH = 0x00;
83
84 }
85
86 void ADC_StartConversion(adc_channel_t channel)
87 {
88     // select the A/D channel
89     ADCON0bits.CHS = channel;
90
91     // Turn on the ADC module
92     ADCON0bits.ADON = 1;
93
94     // Acquisition time delay
95     __delay_us(ACQ_US_DELAY);
96
97     // Start the conversion
```

```
98     ADCON0bits.GO_nDONE = 1;
99 }
100
101 bool ADC_IsConversionDone()
102 {
103     // Start the conversion
104     return (!ADCON0bits.GO_nDONE);
105 }
106
107 adc_result_t ADC_GetConversionResult(void)
108 {
109     // Conversion finished, return the result
110     return ((ADRESH << 8) + ADRESL);
111 }
112
113 adc_result_t ADC_GetConversion(adc_channel_t channel)
114 {
115     // Select the A/D channel
116     ADCON0bits.CHS = channel;
117
118     // Turn on the ADC module
119     ADCON0bits.ADON = 1;
120
121     // Acquisition time delay
122     __delay_us(ACQ_US_DELAY);
123
124     // Start the conversion
125     ADCON0bits.GO_nDONE = 1;
126
127     // Wait for the conversion to finish
128     while (ADCON0bits.GO_nDONE)
129     {
130     }
131
132     // Conversion finished, return the result
133     return ((ADRESH << 8) + ADRESL);
134 }
135
136 uint8_t ADC_TempConversion(adc_channel_t tempRaw)
137 {
138     uint8_t temp;
139
140     double val = ((tempRaw * 3.2)/1024);
141     val = ((val - 0.5)*100);
142     temp = (uint8_t) val;
143
144     return temp;
145 }
146
147 uint8_t ADC_HumSueConversion(uint16_t humsueRaw)
148 {
```

```
148  /* Datos obtenidos del sensor prueba 11/12/2021
149  Sensor al aire= 3,000 V
150  Sustrato Húmedo= 1,12 V
151  Sustrato Húmedo+ = 0,88 V
152  Sustrato Húmedo ++ = 0,76 V
153  Sensor en Agua = 0,75 V
154  */
155  const double X1=416, X2=959, Y1=100, Y2=0;
156  uint8_t hums;
157
158  //double val = (((Y2-Y1)/(X2-X1))*(humsueRaw- X1) + Y1); // Desmenuzar Ecuación y ver
resultados
159  double val =0.0;
160  val=(Y2-Y1)/(X2-X1);
161  val= val*(humsueRaw- X1);
162  val= val + Y1;
163  //val = ((val - 0.5)*100);
164  hums = (uint8_t) val;
165
166  return hums;
167  }
168  /**
169  End of File
170  */
```

~\OneDrive\Documentos\PIP Lora\PIC\DHT22_Ult.c

```
1  /*
2  * File:   DHT22.c
3  * Author: Fedhe
4  *
5  * Created on 15 de noviembre de 2021, 23:50
6  */
7  /*
8  * Interfacing DHT22 (AM2302) sensor with PIC18LF45k50
9  * C Code for MPLAB XC8 compiler
10 *
11 *
12 * Modificado de http://simple-circuit.com/
13 */
14
15 #include <xc.h>
16 #include <stdint.h>
17 #include <string.h>
18 #include <stddef.h>
19 // Application Includes
20 #include "HardwareProfile.h"
21 #include "pin_manager.h"
22 /*#include "MOTeapp.h"
23 #include "USBapp.h"
24 #include "SSD1306oLED.h"*/
25
26 // Communication Includes
27 /*#include "eusart.h"
28 #include "buttons.h"
29 #include "TMRapp.h"*/
30 #include "tmr2.h"
31 /*#include "tmr2.h"
32 #include "input.h"
33 #include "adc.h"
34 /*#include "SSD1306oLED.h"
35 #include "memory.h"
36
37
38 // variables declaration
39 /*char Temperature[] = "Temp = 00.0 C ";
40 char Humidity[] = "RH = 00.0 % ";
41 */
42 // char Temperature[] = " 00.0 ";
43 // char Humidity[] = " 00.0 ";
44 uint8_t TempHum[4];
45 unsigned char T_Byte1, T_Byte2, RH_Byte1, RH_Byte2, CheckSum ;
46 unsigned int Temp, RH;
47
48
```

```
49 void Start_Signal(void) {
50     DHT22_PIN_DIR = 0;    // configure DHT22_PIN as output
51     DHT22_PIN = 0;        // clear DHT22_PIN output (logic 0)
52
53     __delay_ms(25);        // wait 25 ms
54     DHT22_PIN = 1;        // set DHT22_PIN output (logic 1)
55
56     __delay_us(30);        // wait 30 us
57     DHT22_PIN_DIR = 1;    // configure DHT22_PIN as input
58 }
59 // Check sensor response
60 __bit Check_Response() {
61     TMR2 = 0;              // reset Timer2
62
63     //TMR2ON = 1;          // enable Timer22 module
64     TMR2_StartTimer();
65
66     while(!DHT22_PIN && TMR2 < 75) // wait until DHT22_PIN becomes high (checking of 80µs low
time response)
67     {
68         //EL ORIGINAL TENIA 100 SE CAMBIO A 150 QUE ES EL TIEMPO
EQUIVALENTE CON CRISTAL DE 48MHZ
69         if(TMR2 > 73)        // if response time > 99µS ==> Response error
70         {
71             return 0;        // return 0 (Device has a problem with response)
72         }
73
74
75
76     TMR2 = 0;
77     while(DHT22_PIN && TMR2 < 75) // wait until DHT22_PIN becomes low (checking of 80µs high
time response)
78     {
79         //EL ORIGINAL TENIA 100 SE CAMBIO A 150 QUE ES EL
TIEMPO EQUIVALENTE CON CRISTAL DE 48MHZ
80         if(TMR2 > 73)        // if response time > 99µS ==> Response error
81         {
82             return 0;        // return 0 (Device has a problem with response)
83         }
84
85         return 1;            // return 1 (response OK)
86
87     }
88 }
89
90 // Data read function
91 __bit Read_Data(unsigned char* dht_data)
92 {
93     *dht_data = 0;
94
95     for(char i = 0; i < 8; i++)
```

```

96     {
97         TMR2 = 0;           // reset Timer1
98         TMR2_StartTimer();
99         while(!DHT22_PIN)    // wait until DHT22_PIN becomes high
100     {
101         if(TMR2 > 75) {      // if low time > 100 ==> Time out error (Normally it takes 50µs)
102             return 1;        //EL ORIGINAL TENIA 100 SE CAMBIO A 150 QUE ES EL TIEMPO
103                             EQUIVALENTE CON CRISTAL DE 48MHZ
104         }
105         TMR2 = 0;           // reset Timer1
106
107
108         while(DHT22_PIN)     // wait until DHT22_PIN becomes low
109
110             if(TMR2 > 75) {   // if high time > 100 ==> Time out error (Normally it takes 26-
111                             28µs for 0 and 70µs for 1)
112                 return 1;     // return 1 (timeout error)
113                             //EL ORIGINAL TENIA 100 SE CAMBIO A 150 QUE ES EL TIEMPO
114                             EQUIVALENTE CON CRISTAL DE 48MHZ
115             }
116             if(TMR2 > 38) {   // if high time > 50 ==> Sensor sent 1
117                 *dht_data |= (1 << (7 - i)); // set bit (7 - i)
118                                     //EL ORIGINAL TENIA 50 SE CAMBIO A 37 QUE ES EL TIEMPO
119                                     EQUIVALENTE CON CRISTAL DE 48MHZ
120             }
121             return 0;         // return 0 (data read OK)
122         }
123     }
124
125 void backUp(void)
126 {
127     NOP();
128 }
129
130 void DHT22_GetTempHum(uint8_t * vDest)
131 {
132     /*
133     unsigned char T_Byte1, T_Byte2, RH_Byte1, RH_Byte2, CheckSum ;
134     unsigned int Temp, RH;*/
135     //static char Temp1[]=" 00.0 " ;
136
137     //static char dataDHT[2][6];
138     /*OSCCON = 0X70;          // set internal oscillator to 8MHz
139     ANSELH = 0;              // configure all PORTB pins as digital
140     */
141     //T1CON = 0x10;          // set Timer3 clock source to internal with 1:2 prescaler (Timer1
142                             clock = 1MHz)
143     TMR2 = 0;               // reset Timer1

```

```

142  __delay_ms(10);    // wait 1 second
143
144  Start_Signal();    // send start signal to the sensor
145
146  if(Check_Response()) // check if there is a response from sensor (If OK start reading
humidity and temperature data)
147  {
148      // read (and save) data from the DHT22 sensor and check time out errors
149      if(Read_Data(&RH_Byte1) || Read_Data(&RH_Byte2) || Read_Data(&T_Byte1) ||
Read_Data(&T_Byte2) || Read_Data(&Checksum))
150      {
151          /*LCD_Cmd(LCD_CLEAR);    // clear LCD
152          LCD_Goto(5, 1);          // go to column 5, row 2
153          LCD_Print("Time out!"); // display "Time out!"
154          */
155          // Code para falla de lectura
156          /*
157          Temperature[1] = 'T';
158          Temperature[2] = 'm';
159          Temperature[3] = '0';*/
160
161          TempHum[2]=0x6E; //110 significa Time Out
162          TempHum[3]=0x00;
163
164      }
165
166  else    // if there is no time out error
167  {
168      if(CheckSum == ((RH_Byte1 + RH_Byte2 + T_Byte1 + T_Byte2) & 0xFF))
169      {
170          // if there is no checksum error
171          TempHum[0]=T_Byte1;
172          TempHum[1]=T_Byte2;
173          TempHum[2]=RH_Byte1;
174          TempHum[3]=RH_Byte2;
175
176          /*
177          RH = RH_Byte1;
178          RH = (RH << 8) | RH_Byte2;
179          Temp = T_Byte1;
180          Temp = (Temp << 8) | T_Byte2;
181
182          if (Temp > 0X8000)
183          {
184              // if temperature < 0
185              Temperature[0] = '-'; // put minus sign '-'
186              Temp = Temp & 0X7FFF;
187          }
188          else    // otherwise (temperature > 0)
189          {
190              Temperature[0] = ' '; // put space ' '

```

```

190     Temperature[1] = (Temp / 100) % 10 + '0';
191     Temperature[2] = (Temp / 10) % 10 + '0';
192     Temperature[4] = Temp % 10 + '0';
193     //Temperature[5] = 223;    // put degree symbol (°)
194     }
195     // DataDHT22[1]={Temperature[0], Temperature[1], Temperature[2], Temperature[3],
Temperature[4], Temperature[5]};
196
197     if(RH == 1000)          // if the relative humidity = 100.0 %
198     {
199         Humidity[0] = 1 + '0';    // put 1 of hundreds
200     }
201     else
202     {
203         Humidity[0] = ' ';        // put space ' '
204         Humidity[1] = (RH / 100) % 10 + '0';
205         Humidity[2] = (RH / 10) % 10 + '0';
206         Humidity[4] = RH % 10 + '0';
207         // DataDHT22[2][]=Humidity;
208     }
209     */
210 }
211
212 // if there is a checksum error
213 else
214 {
215
216     // Code para falla de checksum
217     NOP();
218     /*Temperature[1] ='C';
219     Temperature[2] ='h';
220     Temperature[3] ='S';*/
221     TempHum[2]=0x78; //120 significa error CheckSum
222     TempHum[3]=0x00;
223
224     }
225
226     }
227 }
228
229 // if there is a response (from the sensor) problem
230 else
231 {
232     NOP();
233     /* Temperature[1] ='N';
234     Temperature[2] ='o';
235     Temperature[3] ='R';
236     Temperature[3] =' ' ;*/
237     TempHum[2]=0x82; //130 significa No Response
238     TempHum[3]=0x00;

```

```
239
240
241     // Code por falla de comunicación
242 }
243
244     //TMR1ON = 0;          // disable Timer1 module
245     //TMR2_StopTimer();
246     __delay_ms(20); // wait 1 second
247
248
249     //DataDHT[2][6]={Temperature[0], Temperature[1], Temperature[2], Temperature[3],
Temperature[4], Temperature[5]},
250     //{Humidity[0], Humidity[1], Humidity[2], Humidity[3], Humidity[4], Humidity[5]}};
251     //DataDHT22[1]=Temperature;
252     //DataDHT22[2]=Humidity;
253 //   DataDHT22={{Temperature},{Humidity}};
254     // TempHum = {Temperature,Humidity};
255     // TempHum= strcat(TempHum, Humidity);
256     /*   TempHum[0]=0x89;
257         TempHum[1]=0x3E;
258         TempHum[2]=0x19;
259         TempHum[3]=0x10;*/
260     for(int i=0;i<4;i++){
261         *vDest++ = TempHum[i];
262
263     }
264
265
266
267
268 }
269 // End of code.
```

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```
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24  */
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57 */
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62     Section: ADC Module APIs
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66 {
67     // set the ADC to the options selected in the User Interface
68     VREFCON0 = 0b10100000;
69     // GO_nDONE stop; ADON enabled; CHS AN0;
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72     // TRIGSEL no_auto_trigger;
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76     ADCON2 = 0b10001110;
77
78     // ADRESL 0x0;
79     ADRESL = 0x00;
80
81     // ADRESH 0x0;
82     ADRESH = 0x00;
83
84 }
85
86 void ADC_StartConversion(adc_channel_t channel)
87 {
88     // select the A/D channel
89     ADCON0bits.CHS = channel;
90
91     // Turn on the ADC module
92     ADCON0bits.ADON = 1;
93
94     // Acquisition time delay
95     __delay_us(ACQ_US_DELAY);
96
97     // Start the conversion
```

```
98     ADCON0bits.GO_nDONE = 1;
99 }
100
101 bool ADC_IsConversionDone()
102 {
103     // Start the conversion
104     return (!ADCON0bits.GO_nDONE);
105 }
106
107 adc_result_t ADC_GetConversionResult(void)
108 {
109     // Conversion finished, return the result
110     return ((ADRESH << 8) + ADRESL);
111 }
112
113 adc_result_t ADC_GetConversion(adc_channel_t channel)
114 {
115     // Select the A/D channel
116     ADCON0bits.CHS = channel;
117
118     // Turn on the ADC module
119     ADCON0bits.ADON = 1;
120
121     // Acquisition time delay
122     __delay_us(ACQ_US_DELAY);
123
124     // Start the conversion
125     ADCON0bits.GO_nDONE = 1;
126
127     // Wait for the conversion to finish
128     while (ADCON0bits.GO_nDONE)
129     {
130     }
131
132     // Conversion finished, return the result
133     return ((ADRESH << 8) + ADRESL);
134 }
135
136 uint8_t ADC_TempConversion(adc_channel_t tempRaw)
137 {
138     uint8_t temp;
139
140     double val = ((tempRaw * 3.2)/1024);
141     val = ((val - 0.5)*100);
142     temp = (uint8_t) val;
143
144     return temp;
145 }
146
147 uint8_t ADC_HumSueConversion(uint16_t humsueRaw)
148 {
```

```
148  /* Datos obtenidos del sensor prueba 11/12/2021
149  Sensor al aire= 3,000 V
150  Sustrato Húmedo= 1,12 V
151  Sustrato Húmedo+ = 0,88 V
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153  Sensor en Agua = 0,75 V
154  */
155  const double X1=416, X2=959, Y1=100, Y2=0;
156  uint8_t hums;
157
158  //double val = (((Y2-Y1)/(X2-X1))*(humsueRaw- X1) + Y1); // Desmenuzar Ecuación y ver
resultados
159  double val =0.0;
160  val=(Y2-Y1)/(X2-X1);
161  val= val*(humsueRaw- X1);
162  val= val + Y1;
163  //val = ((val - 0.5)*100);
164  hums = (uint8_t) val;
165
166  return hums;
167  }
168  /**
169  End of File
170  */
```